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Quick Start-up Guide for EXPLORE-NFC working with Raspberry Pi

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Abstract	This document gives a description on how to get started with the provided software packages in conjunction with the EXPLORE-NFC board and the Raspberry Pi model A, B, B+ and Raspberry Pi 2 model B. It provides a step by step guide to the installation procedure of the software and the hardware.



Revision history

Rev	Date	Description
2.0	20150212	New approach of communicating and using the EXPLORE-NFC. The Architecture is fully compatible with NeardAL API from the Linux-NFC project.
1.0	20131217	First release

Contact information

For more information, please visit: <http://www.nxp.com>

1. Introduction

This document gives a description on how to get started with the provided software packages in conjunction with the EXPLORE-NFC board and the Raspberry Pi model B+. All steps can be applied in the same way on the Raspberry Pi model A and Raspberry Pi 2 model B.

This document provides a step by step guide to the installation procedure of the software and the hardware.



Fig 1. EXPLORE-NFC and MIFARE Ultralight card

1.1 What is EXPLORE-NFC?

EXPLORE-NFC is a high performance fully NFC compliant expansion board for the Raspberry Pi. Based on the NXP PN512 solution, EXPLORE-NFC meets compliance with Reader mode, P2P mode and Card emulation standards. The board features an integrated high performance antenna and offers a flexible SPI interface. Software packages supporting all these features are described within this manual.

1.2 What is a Raspberry Pi?

The Raspberry Pi is a credit card sized computer. The initial idea behind it was to develop a small and cheap computer to be used by kids all over the world to learn programming. In the end it became very popular among developers all over the world.

To get started quickly, the Raspberry Pi Foundation provides several preconfigured Linux distributions.

For the project described in this guide we are using the “Raspbian Wheezy” [7.].

For more information about the Raspberry Pi please visit [8.].

1.3 NXP NFC Reader Library and Linux

The software described in this guide is based on the NXP NFC Reader Library. The NXP NFC Reader Library is written in C language enabling the customers to create their own software stack for their contactless reader.

To get the NXP NFC Reader Library to work on Linux, some of the relevant parts have been ported to Linux. At the moment, only SPI protocol is ported for the communication between reader IC and the Raspberry Pi.

The intention of this project is to give an exemplary implementation of the NXP NFC Reader Library on Linux. It should easily be possible to apply/install the Reader Library of this project on other Linux systems.

2. Software installation

2.1 Required items

- Compatible SD card [1.] with a size of at least 4GB.
- Card reader

2.2 Downloading the system image

Please download Win32DiskImager and the Raspbian “Wheezy” image from the download page of the Raspberry Pi foundation [6.].

2.3 Preparing the SD card

1. Unzip the archive containing the system image.
2. Insert the SD card into a card reader connected to the PC.
3. Start Win32DiskImager.
4. Chose the unzipped *.img file.
5. Ensure that the correct device is chosen.
6. Click onto the Write button.

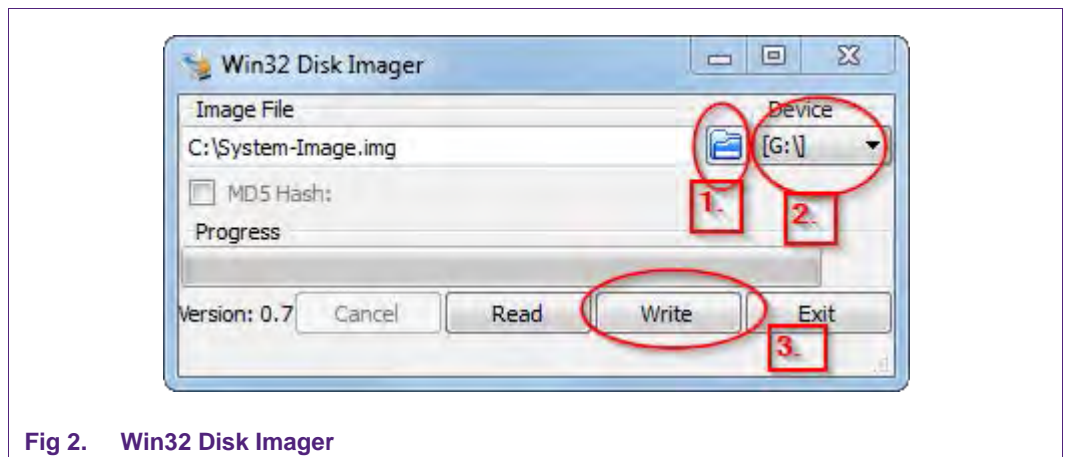


Fig 2. Win32 Disk Imager

2.4 Downloading the software

1. Download the software either from the element14 web site [4.] or from the NXP web site [3.].
2. Copy the zip compressed project onto an USB Stick.

3. Hardware installation

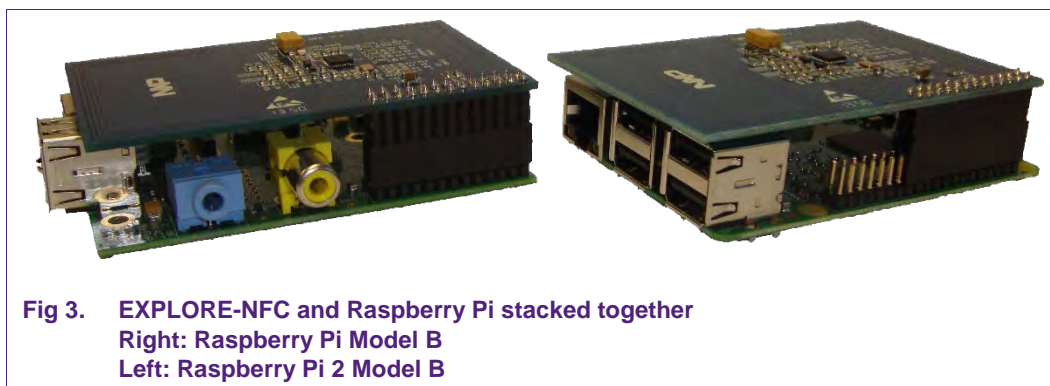
Required items

- Raspberry Pi Model B or B+ or Raspberry Pi 2
- Contactless reader board EXPLORE-NFC
- Compatible SD card [1.]
- Micro USB power supply (5V / 1A) [2.]
- Keyboard
- Mouse
- DVI cable to connect to a Monitor / TV

Please connect the hardware in the following order:

1. Connect the EXPLORE-NFC board.
Caution: Please take care to connect the extension-board in the right way! See the next picture for more information.
2. Put the SD card into the card reader of the Raspberry Pi.
3. Connect the Raspberry Pi to a Monitor.
4. Connect the Keyboard and the Mouse to the USB ports of the Raspberry Pi.
5. Connect the USB power adapter to the Raspberry Pi and plug it into a socket.

Please wait until the Raspberry Pi is booted and the login screen appears.



4. Login to the Raspberry Pi and starting the software

This section describes how to install and run the software for the EXPLORE-NFC demo board. All needed software components are being delivered as installable Debian packages to be installed directly on the Raspberry Pi.

4.1 Login to the Raspberry Pi

1. Type in username and password, whereas the **username** is **pi** and the **password** is **rasberry**.
2. After the command line appears type in **startx** and hit [Enter]. Wait until the graphical desktop environment has finished loading.

4.2 Activate SPI

If this is the first start, the configuration menu for the Raspberry Pi will appear automatically. Otherwise type the following command to open that menu:

```
sudo raspi-config
```

The option to activate SPI can be found as follows:

Advanced Options → SPI → <Yes>.

Now reboot your Raspberry Pi by typing the following command:

```
sudo reboot
```

4.3 Installing and starting the NFC application

1. Copy the zip compressed software onto an USB Stick.
2. Connect the USB Stick to the Raspberry Pi and unzip the project to the home folder of the pi user.
3. Start the terminal emulator with double clicking on the symbol **LXTerminal** on the desktop.
4. Change into the directory that contains the extracted files with the command:

```
cd ~/<directory of extracted files>/
```

5. Install the files with the command:

```
sudo dpkg -i libneardal<version>_armhf.deb wiringpi<version>.deb neard-  
explorenfc_<version>_armhf.deb
```

Where “<version>” needs to be substituted with the real version strings contained in the file names.

6. Start the desired example project with the command

```
./explorenfc-<example name>
```

5. Included example projects

5.1 Basic example

The Basic example shows how to read a tag or receive a message over peer to peer and display information about it. The message needs to be NDEF encoded.

To run the example please type the following command:

```
explorenfc-basic
```

Options:

- k Keep the program running (does not exit on first tag detection)
- a Use specified adapter (defaults to /org/nearest/nfc0)

Example output:

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ explorenfc-basic
Waiting for tag or device...
on_name_lost() : :org.neardal
Device found
Found record /org/nearest/nfc0/device0/record0
Record type: URI
URI: http://www.nxp.com/
Title:
Action:
Language:
Encoding: UTF-8
```

5.2 Browser example

The Browser example will read a tag or receive an NDEF message containing an URL over peer to peer and open it in the default browser. You need to have a graphic interface session running for this to work.

To run the example please type the following command:

```
explorenfc-browser
```

Options:

- k Keep the program running (does not exit on first tag detection)
- a Use specified adapter (defaults to /org/nearest/nfc0)

Example output:

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ explorenfc-browser
```

Waiting for tag or device...

```
on_name_lost() : org.nearaldal
```

Opening http://nxp.com

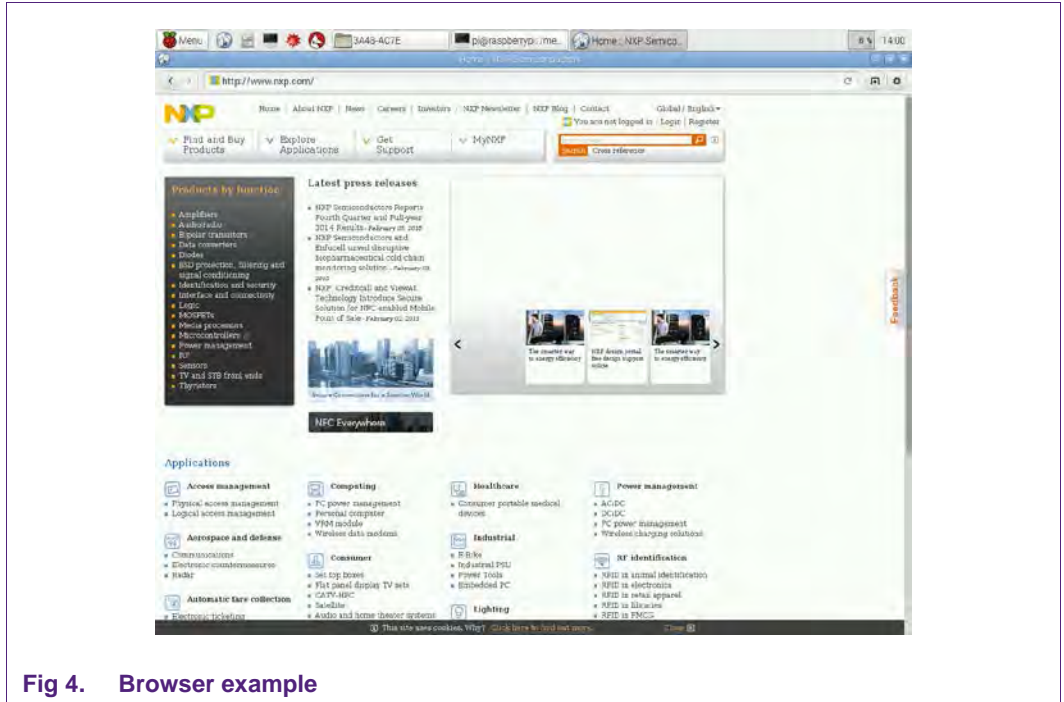


Fig 4. Browser example

6. Software architecture

6.1 Introduction

Neard - ExploreNFC is a Linux daemon that provides a DBUS API for easy access to the EXPLORE-NFC's board functionality. This DBus Daemon provides a DBUS API compatible with Neard but uses the NXP NFC Reader Library (NXPRdLib) as a backend.

Things you can do with Neard - ExploreNFC:

- Read NFC tags
- Write NFC tags
- Push NDEF messages to another NFC device (P2P)
- Receive NDEF messages from another NFC device (P2P)

6.2 Overall Architecture

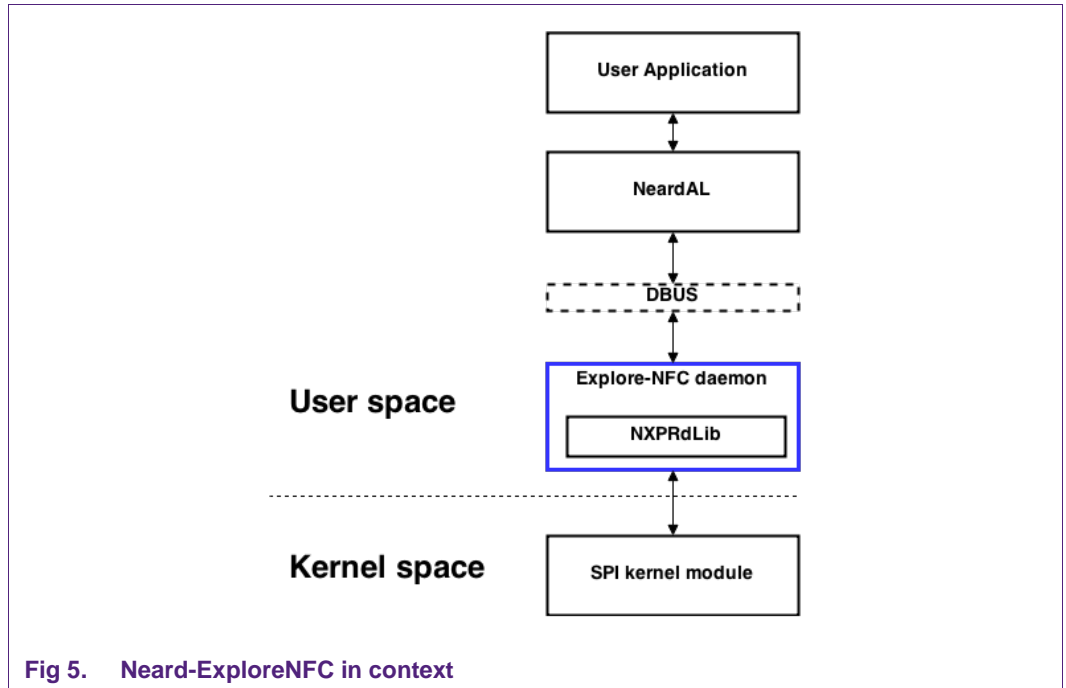


Fig 5. Neard-ExploreNFC in context

The ExploreNFC software has been implemented in order to maximise compatibility with the Neard DBUS API.

NeardAL is a library that provides access to the Neard DBUS API and it has been ensured that it is compatible with the Explore-NFC implementation.

The Explore-NFC software makes use of the NXPRdLib for low-level NFC operations. In order to communicate with the PN512 NFC transceiver using GPIOs and SPI the appropriate kernel modules are used.

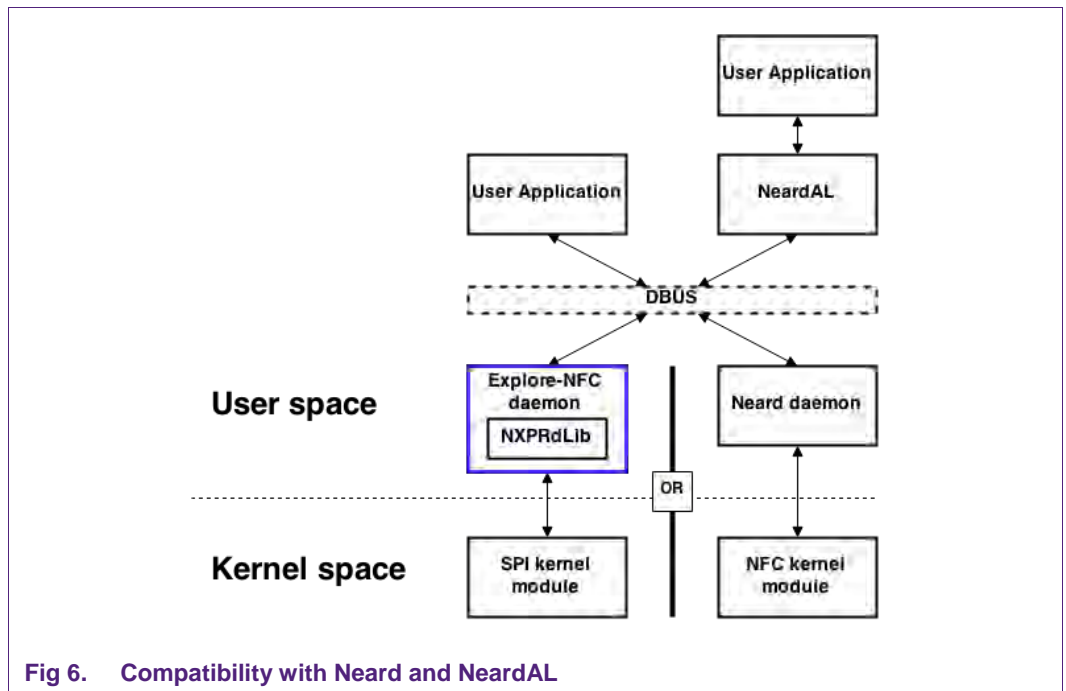


Fig 6. Compatibility with Neard and NeardAL

6.3 Explore-NFC daemon’s architecture

The daemon is split in different modules running in two different threads. The first thread handles the DBUS server and the second thread handles the interaction with the reader library (and hence the NFC hardware). Both threads run a GLib loop.

6.3.1 Threads perspective

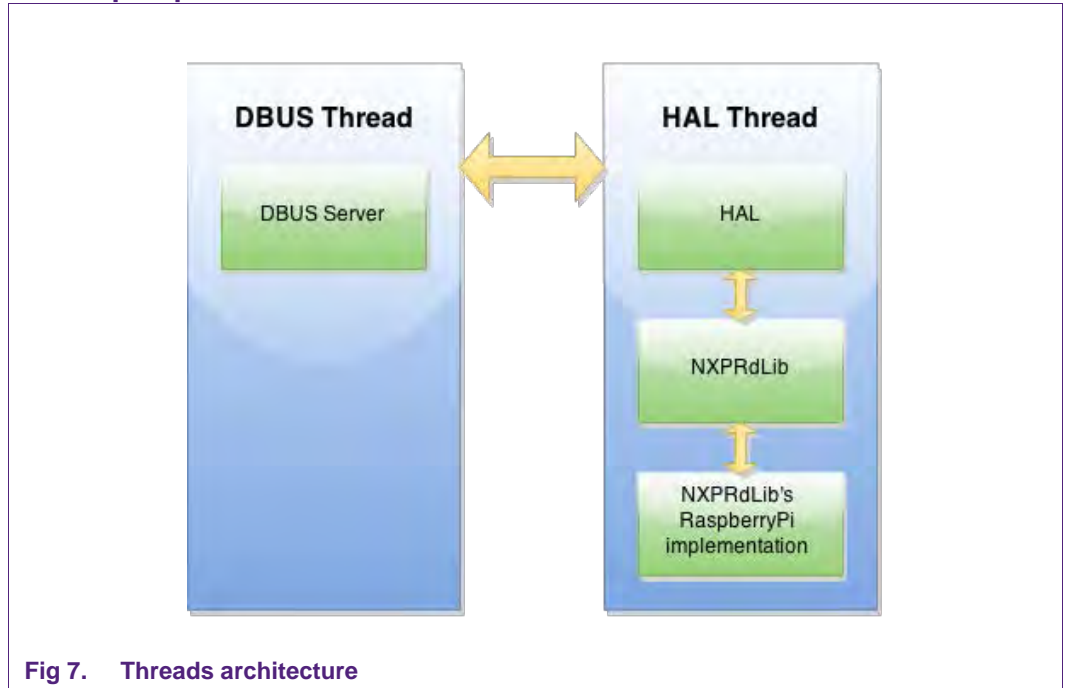


Fig 7. Threads architecture

6.3.1.1 DBUS Thread

The DBUS server implements the Neard DBUS API using GLib's DBUS features. It starts by obtaining ownership of the "org.neard" DBUS name. It then exposes a standard DBUS interface that can be used to discover interfaces offered within this namespace. It also registers an Adapter interface, which exposes the appropriate DBUS API and communicates with the HAL module. As needed, the DBUS thread exposes Tag and Devices interfaces over DBUS and connects to appropriate Handover Agents that handle the connectivity to other networks such as Wi-Fi.

6.3.1.2 HAL Thread

This module configures the NXPRdLib for proper operation and runs the polling loops needed to discover tags and devices. If a tag is detected it reads its content, and does regular presence checks. Additionally it can write content to the tag. If a device is detected it brings up the LLCP layer as needed, attempts a connection to a remote SNEP server and waits for a SNEP connection on the local server. NDEF messages can then be exchanged.

The NXPRdLib relies on a specific OS abstraction layer based on GLib and a hardware abstraction layer based on wiringPi.

6.3.1.3 Interaction between threads

Two types of interactions are used to communicate between the two threads. For properties reading, mutexes are used to protect concurrent access from both threads.

To pass on a message, one thread will allocate some memory that contains the parameters corresponding to the message and will queue the execution by the other thread's GLib loop of a method that handles these parameters.

6.3.2 DBUS Module

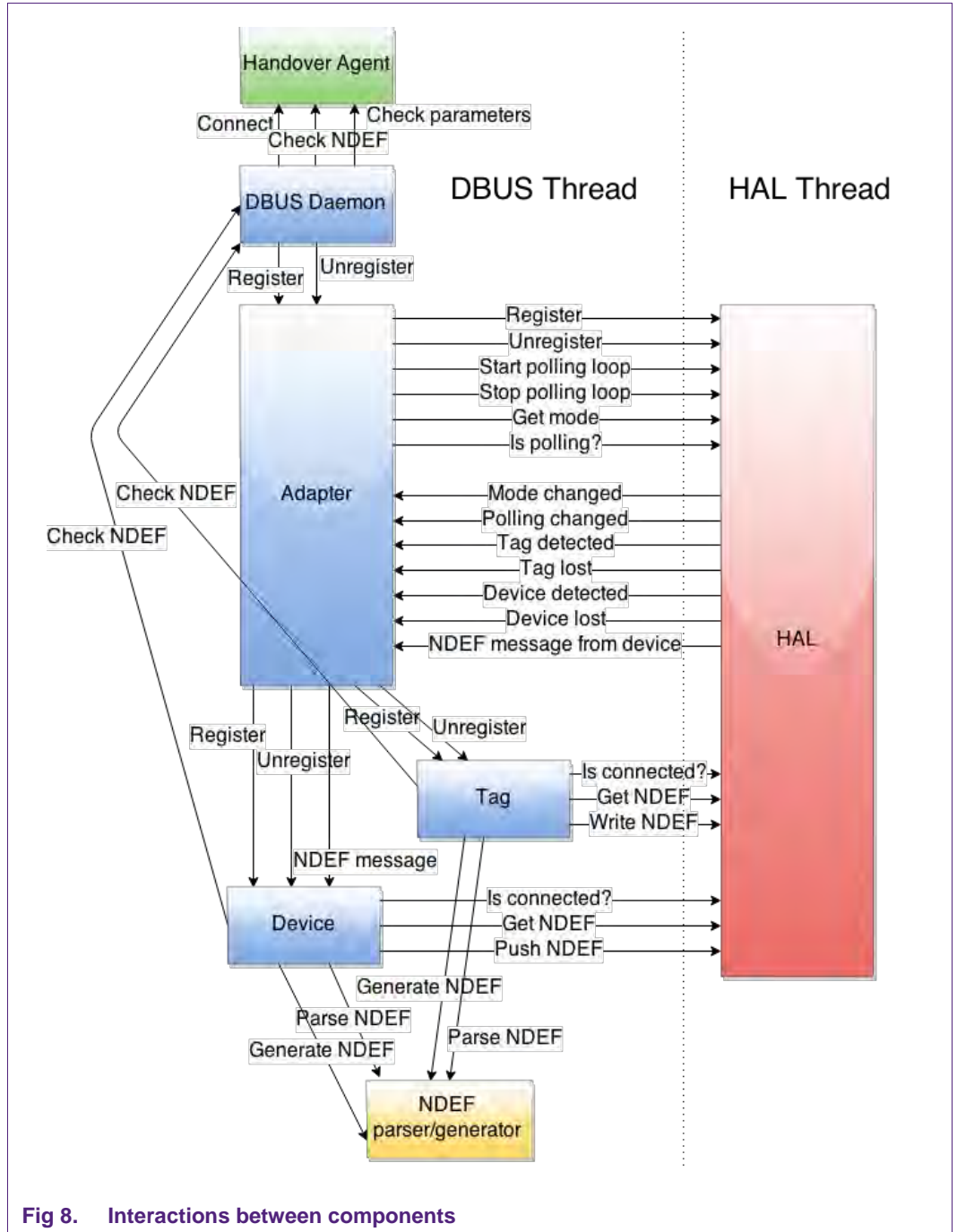


Fig 8. Interactions between components

As seen in the figure above, the DBUS server module is actually made of multiple sub-modules.

Blue boxes represent modules that expose a DBUS API (servers) and the green box represent a module that connects to a remote DBUS server.

6.3.2.1 DBUS Daemon

This module is the DBUS thread's entry point and exposes a DBUS API that allows discovery of other DBUS modules. It tries to obtain the "org.neard" name at startup. If successful, it instantiates and registers an Adapter instance. This module also handles registration requests from handover agents.

6.3.2.2 Adapter

This module exposes the Neard's Adapter DBUS API. It sends commands to the HAL module, reads its status and registers a set of callbacks to receive event messages back from the HAL module. When a tag or device is detected it instantiates and registers the corresponding module.

6.3.2.3 Tag

When this module is instantiated it receives a raw NDEF message that is parsed and exposed on the DBUS API. The Tag module also handles requests to write to a tag and generates the appropriate NDEF message before doing so. When the NDEF message is parsed, it is passed to the DBUS Daemon module. A handover agent needs to handle it.

6.3.2.4 Device

This module is very similar to the Tag module. The significant difference is that NDEF messages can be received after the device is detected.

6.3.2.5 Handover Agent

This module connects to a DBUS server exposing the handover agent interface. When a NDEF message is received, the module checks if it can handle it and if so it is passed to the remote handover agent which can use the NDEF message to setup a wireless connection such as Wi-Fi.

7. Supplementary notes

7.1 Turning off the Raspberry Pi

The Raspberry pi has no power switch. To turn it off, please type **sudo halt** into the command prompt. After the screen turns black, you may unplug the power supply.

7.2 Resizing the file system

In case one uses an SD card larger than 4GB it might be reasonable to resize the root file system to use the whole space of the SD card. To do so, please follow these steps:

1. Start the Raspberry Pi and log in.
2. Type **sudo raspi-config** into the command prompt.
3. In the configuration dialog that opens, choose the entry “expand_rootfs” and press [Enter].

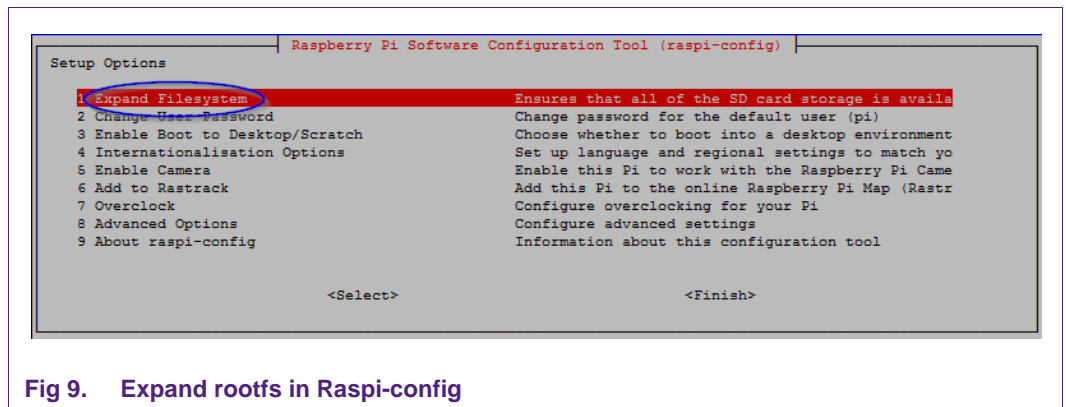


Fig 9. Expand rootfs in Raspi-config

4. After the operation has finished, choose <Finish> by pressing the [TAB] key twice and press [Enter].
5. Answer the question about the reboot with <Yes>.

8. References

- [1.] **List of verified SD cards:**
http://www.nxp.com/redirect/elixos.org/RPi_SD_cards
- [2.] **List of verified USB power adapters:**
http://www.nxp.com/redirect/elixos.org/RPi_VerifiedPeripherals_Power_adapters
- [3.] **Software for the Raspberry Pi at NXP:**
<http://www.nxp.com/demoboard/PNEV512R.html#documentation>
- [4.] **Software for the Raspberry Pi at element14**
- [5.] **Supported wireless network adapters:**
http://www.nxp.com/redirect/elixos.org/RPi_VerifiedPeripherals_USB_Wi-Fi_Adapters
- [6.] **Downloads for the Raspberry Pi**
<http://www.nxp.com/redirect/raspberrypi.org/downloads>
- [7.] **Raspbian Linux**
<http://www.nxp.com/redirect/raspbian.org>
- [8.] **FAQ for the Raspberry Pi**
<http://www.nxp.com/redirect/raspberrypi.org/faqs>

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